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| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. | |
|---|-------------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|--|
| 10/642,343 | 08/18/2003 | Josef Giessler | 47279-0015 | 1920 | |
| | 2590 12/20/2006 DLE & REATH (DC) | EXAMINER | | | |
| 1500 K STREET | , , | | ADDISU, SARA | | |
| SUITE 1100 WASHINGTON, DC 20005-1209 | | | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER | |
| | , | | 3722 | | |
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| SHORTENED STATUTORY | PERIOD OF RESPONSE | MAIL DATE | DELIVERY MODE | | |
| 3 MONTHS | | 12/20/2006 | PAPER | | |

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

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| | | Application N | 0. | Applicant(s) | | | |
| Office Action Summary | | 10/642,343 | | GIESSLER ET AL. | | | |
| | | Examiner | | Art Unit | • | | |
| | | Sara Addisu | | 3722 | | | |
| The MAILING DATE of th Period for Reply | is communication a _l | ppears on the co | er sheet with the c | correspondence add | Iress | | |
| A SHORTENED STATUTORY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM Extensions of time may be available under after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date. If NO period for reply is specified above, the Failure to reply within the set or extended Any reply received by the Office later than earned patent term adjustment. See 37 C | OM THE MAILING In the provisions of 37 CFR 1 the of this communication. The maximum statutory period for reply will, by statuthree months after the mail | DATE OF THIS (1.136(a). In no event, he of will apply and will exp ute, cause the application | COMMUNICATION bwever, may a reply be tire ire SIX (6) MONTHS from in to become ABANDONE | N. nely filed the mailing date of this cor (35 U.S.C. § 133). | | | |
| Status | | | | | | | |
| 1) Responsive to communic | ation(s) filed on 20 | September 2006 | į . | • | | | |
| 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . | s action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final. | | | | | | |
| , | 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is | | | | | | |
| closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. | | | | | | | |
| Disposition of Claims | | | | | | | |
| 4) | is/are withdrowed. ed. ected to. | awn from consid | | | | | |
| Application Papers | | | | | | | |
| 9) ☐ The specification is object 10) ☑ The drawing(s) filed on 20 Applicant may not request the Replacement drawing sheet 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is | September 2006 is nat any objection to the (s) including the corre | s/are: a)⊠ acce ne drawing(s) be he ection is required if | eld in abeyance. Se the drawing(s) is ob | e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ojected to. See 37 CF | R 1.121(d). | | |
| Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 | | | | | | | |
| 12) Acknowledgment is made a) All b) Some * c) 1 Certified copies of 2 Certified copies of 3 Copies of the certified application from the | None of: the priority docume the priority docume ied copies of the pr e International Bure | ents have been re ents have been re iority documents eau (PCT Rule 17 | ceived. ceived in Applicat have been receiv 7.2(a)). | ion No ed in this National S | Stage | | |
| Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | n | ا د <u>م</u> | Interview Summary | v (PTO-413) | | | |
| 2) Notice of Neighblines Cried (PTO-052 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Draw 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) Paper No(s)/Mail Date | ing Review (PTO-948) | 5) [6) [| Paper No(s)/Mail D Notice of Informal I Other: | oate | | | |

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 08-06)

DETAILED ACTION

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 9/20/06 has been entered.

Claims 8-10 have been cancelled. Currently, claims 1-7 are pending in this application.

Claim Objections

- 1. Claim 1 is objected to because of the following informalities:
- Claim 1, line 4 recites, "an outer periphery of the cutting part therein cutting grooves...". Examiner suggests adding the word "having" after the word "therein" such that it reads "an outer periphery of the cutting part therein having cutting grooves....".

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

Art Unit: 3722

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

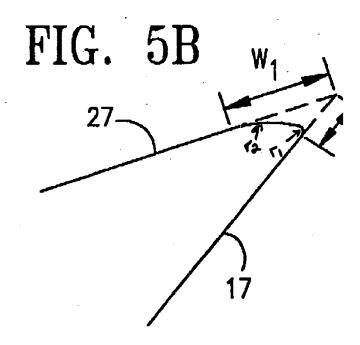
Claims 1-6, are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Britzke et al. (USP 5,609,447), in view of Sato et al. (US Pub No. 2002/0031409) and further in view of Kondo et al. (JP 2000015512).

Britzke et al. teaches an end mill (10) which would obviously have a comprising a shank (11) and a cutting part (13) disposed at the front end of the shank and defining an axis of rotation (16) and an outer periphery of the cutting part (13) having cutting grooves (15) extending helically to the front end face of the cutting part and each cutting groove disposed rearwardly of the end face defining a helix angle with a plane containing the axis while having cutting edges formed at the edge ('447, Figure 1 and Col. 3, lines 26-38). Regarding claim 1, BRITZKE ET AL. teaches the invention could be used on other tools such as milling cutters therefore, broadly reading the claim, it reads on "a shank end mill" ('447, Col. 5, lines 53-59). BRITZKE ET AL. also teaches in figures 5, the helix angle being larger than a cutting-face angle formed between the end face and a front end section of each cutting groove, the cutting-face angle continuously transforming into the helix angle. BRITZKE ET AL. also teaches in figures 5 the cutting-face angle transforming (via a transition) into the helix angle along a constant radius of

Application/Control Number: 10/642,343

Art Unit: 3722

curvature (figure 5A) as well as the cutting-face angle transforming into the helix angle along a plurality of radii (figure 5B) whereby a first radius adjoins the cutting edge, and a second radius adjoins the helix angle (the first radius being smaller than the second radius: see figure below). Regarding claims 5 and 6, BRITZKE ET AL. teaches in Figure 5B, the transition between the cutting-face angle and the helix angle extending substantially parallel to the axis for a distance shorter than a diameter of the tool as well as shorter than half the diameter of the tool (all see figure 4 for the diameter of the tool).



However, BRITZKE ET AL. fails to teach the milling cutter being an end mill having main cutting edges extending along an edge of the cutting grooves as well as being arranged substantially in a common plane. BRITZKE ET AL. also fails to teach

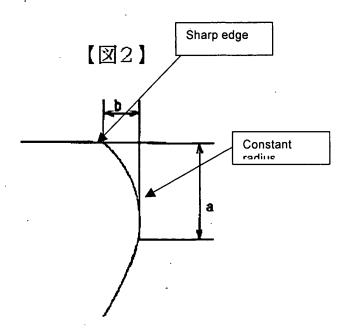
Application/Control Number: 10/642,343

Art Unit: 3722

the transition from the end face to the front end section of each cutting groove forming a sharp cutting edge.

Sato et al. teaches an end mill having a shank (12) and a cutting part having cutting edges extending along an edge of the cutting grooves and being arranged substantially in a common plane ('409, figure 1 and page 1, paragraph 2).

Kondo et al. teaches a tool having a sharp cutting edge at the transition and a cutting face angle continuously transforming into a helix angle along a constant radius ('512, figure 2 and figure below). Kondo et al. also teaches in figure 2, performing round-head horning (i.e. reinforcement of the cutting edge) at a location that is shifted further where it is not the at the point of the cutting edge (consequently, the transformation part remains sharp) ('512, translation, Page 2, lines 1-3 and paragraph 7).



Art Unit: 3722

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to include cutting edges that extending along an edge of the cutting grooves (and arranged substantially in a common plane) of BRITZKE ET AL's invention, as taught by Sato et al., for the purpose of using the tool in slot or shoulder milling operations ('490, page 1, paragraph 2, lines 6-7) since BRITZKE ET AL. teaches the invention can be used on other tools such as milling cutters ('447, Col. 5, lines 53-59). It would have also been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to modify BRITZKE ET AL's invention such that it has a sharp cutting edge at the transition from the front end section, as taught by Kondo et al., for the purpose of reducing the chipping/breaking of the cutting edge ('512, abstract).

Claim 7 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over
Britzke et al. (USP 5,609,447), in view of Sato et al. (US Pub No.
2002/0031409) and further in view of Kondo et al. (JP 2000015512) and
Meece et al. (USP 6,585,460).

The modified device of BRITZKE ET AL. teaches a rotary cutting tool (10) comprising a shank (11) and a cutting part (13) and an outer periphery of the cutting part (13) having cutting grooves (15) extending helically to the front end face of the cutting part, as set forth in the above rejection.

Application/Control Number: 10/642,343

Art Unit: 3722

However, the modified device of BRITZKE ET AL. fails to teach the end face and the outer periphery being joined by a chamfer.

MEECE ET AL. teaches a drill having an outer periphery (18) being jointed to the end face via chamfer (90) having axial extension shorter than its axial extension of the transition from the cutting face angle to the helix angle ('460, figures 1 and 3).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to modify BRITZKE ET AL.'s invention such that the outer periphery and the end face are joined via chamfer, as taught by MEECE ET AL. for the purpose of providing a cutting land ('460, Col. 3, line 61 to Col. 4, line 5).

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claim 1 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Sara Addisu at (571) 272-6082. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30 am - 5 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Monica Carter can be reached on (571) 272-4475. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Application/Control Number: 10/642,343 Page 8

Art Unit: 3722

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Sara Addisu (571) 272-6082

> SA 10/06

> > MONICA CARTER
> > SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINED